

Abbreviations

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|-----|--------------|---|---|
| 1. | A.T.M | - | Automated Teller Machine |
| 2. | B.S.B.D.A | - | Basic saving Bank Deposit Account |
| 3. | S.H.G | - | Self help Groups |
| 4. | N.E.F.T | - | National Electronic Fund Transfer |
| 5. | A.S.H.A | - | Accredited Social Health Activist |
| 6. | B.M.I | - | Body Mass Index |
| 7. | E.S.I | - | Employ's State Insurance |
| 8. | A.P.S.R.T.C- | | Andhra Pradesh State Road Transport Corporation |
| 9. | A.MY | - | Agricultural Market yard |
| 10. | M.S.P | - | Minimum Support Price |
| 11. | F.C.I | - | Food Corporation of India |

Political Science

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|-----|--------------|---|---|
| 12. | M.K.S.S | - | Mazzdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan |
| 13. | R.T.I | - | Right to Information Act |
| 14. | P.D.S | - | Public Distribution System |
| 15. | M.N.R.E.G.A- | | Mahatma Gandhi National Rural
Employment Guarantee Act |
| 16. | A.P.L | - | Above Poverty Line (Pink Card) |
| 17. | B.P.L | - | Below Poverty Line (White card) |
| 18. | E.V.M | - | Electronic Voting machine |
| 19. | W.A.L.T.A | - | Water, Land, Tree protection Act -2002 |
| 20. | S.E.W.A | - | Slef Empolyed Women Assosiation |
| 21. | P.F | - | Provident Fund |
| 22. | L.T.A | - | Leave Travel Allowance |
| 23. | N.S.S | - | National Sample Survey |

Books = Authors

Ramayanam	-	Valmiki
Mahabhart	-	Veda Vyasa
Charka Samhita	-	Charaka
Susrutha Smahitha	-	Susrutha
Palanati vera charita-		Srinadha

News Papers - Editors

1.	Amrit Bazar Partika	-	Sisirkumar Ghosh
2.	Bengali	-	Surendranadh Benerji
3.	Kesari	-	Tilak
4.	Young India	-	Gandhi
5.	Harijan	-	Mahadev Desia
6.	Golkonda	-	Suravaram Pratapa Reddy
7.	Krishnapatrika	-	Mutnuri Krishna Rao

Books - Authors

“Kitabul Hind”	-	Al beruni
“Akbarname	-	Abul Fazal
Pratapardra yashobhusanam	-	Vidhyanadha
Pratapardra Charita	-	Ekamranadh
Kridabhiram	-	Vinukonda Vallabharaya
Srimad - Andhra Mahabharatam-		Kavitrayuamu- Nannaya, Tikkana, Erra Pragada
Aryabhatiam	-	Aryabhata
Amukthamalyada	-	Srikrishna Devaraya
Indian Constitution	-	Drafting Committe Chairman Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
Mahabhagvatamu	-	Potana, Sahajakavi - Lived in Warangal District Bammera village.
Kancherla Goppana	-	He wrote Dasarathi Shatakamu a col lection of nealry 108 poems dedicated to Lord Sri Ramu. He buit Ramacharitamman - Tulasidar

Slogans

“The ambition of greatest man of our generation has been to wipe every tear from every eye --> Jawaharlal Nehru

“I Shall strive for a constitution which will release India from all thralldom and patronage --> Gandhiji

“One man, one vote, one value” --> Ambedkar

“Swaraj is coming and we will not pay taxes to this government” --> Gandhiji

“I believe that winning people through dhamma is much better than conquering them through force - Ashoka.

“Idea of Liberation was not that of a state of inert bliss but rather the pursuit of active life with a strong sense of social commitment - Guru Nanak.

“Sport was essential for a balance between the body and the mind” - Mahatma Gandhi.

“Swaraj is my birth right and I shall have it - Tilak.

“Jai hind, Delhi Chalo - Subash Chandra Bose

“Inquilab Zindabad - Bhagat Singh

12. Do or Die - Gandhi

13. One religion, one caste, one God - Narayan Guru

14.

15. The king has made a very strong city fortified with wall and towers -
paes

16. You should be ashamed of this, you have eaten in our home, How can
you deny it ?

* Chokhamela's son

Important years

Geography :-

1864 - First Forest right act (British)

1878 - Second Forest right act (British)

1988 - National Forest Policy, Joint Forest Management Act (2014
NMMS)

- 2006 - Parliamentary Forest rights Act
- 1970 - Central Govt Nationalized the mines
- 1993 - New national Mineral Policy
- 1886 - Singareni Collieries Company Limited (SCCL) was set up by a private British mining company
- 1920 - Singareni Collieries Company Limited (SCCL) was purchased by the Nizam of Hyderabad.
- 1960 - The barytes reserves were discovered mangampet in YSR Kadapa District.
- 1967 - Mining Start at Mangampeta
- 1977 - Severe cyclone hit in Krishan District Diviseema
- 1492 - Christopher Columbus
- 1498 - Vasco da Gama reached sea coast of India.
- 1750 - Industrial revolution Started
- 1750-1850 New factory System Method emerged (2017 NMMS)
- 2014 - Vishakapatnam Hud - Hud cyclone
- 1960 - Independence to Nigeria by British (According to 7th class t.b)

3. Economics :-

- 1935 - Reserve Bank of India.
- 1606 - Europe - Amsterdam, World trade centre
- 1995 - Mobile phone facilities were introduced for the first time (2016 NMMS)

Civics :-

- 1950 - Abolished the Zamindari System
- 1950 - Madras Estate bill
- 1950 - Hyderabad Tenancy Act
- 1955 - Hyderabad Enam Land Abolish Act
- 1949 Aug 15 - Abolishing the Firman, Jagirs
- 1948 - Abolishing the vetti, Makta, Small kingdoms
- 1951 - April 18 - Vinobha Started Bhudan Movement

- 1972-75 - Land ceiling act -1972, 1975 (Implemented)
- 1945 - U.N.O - United Nations Organisations Formed
- 1995 - A law making it compulsory to give official information was made in the state of Rajasthan.
- 2005 - MNREGA - Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act.
- 2009 - Right of children to free and compulsory Education (RTE Act)
- 2010 - Implementation of Right of children to free and compulsory Education
- 1875 - Establishment of Arya Samaj in Mumbai
- 1892 - Establishment of Arya Samaj in Hyderabad
- 1857 - Sepoy Mutiny, First war of Independence
- 1848 - Pune - School for lower classes
- 1827 - Jyotirao Phule born in this year
- 1873 - Jyotirao Phule founded Satyashodak Samaj
- 2004 - France Passed a law banning students from wearing any conspicuous religious or political signs
- 1943 - Praja Natya Mandali (Established)
- 1931 - First Hindi Talkie Movie ‘Alam Ara’ released
- 1902 - Mutunuri Krishna Rao Established Krishna Patrika in Machilipatnam in Krishna District.
- 1932 - India played first test match
- 1975 - World up cricket competitions (2016 NMMS)
- 2004 - Tsunami in Indonesia (Indian Ocean) Dec, 26
- 2003 - Tamil Nadu (Kumbakonam School) Fire Accident

History

- 1793 - Permanent Settlement System - Cornwallis is
- 1800 - Thomas Munero became a collector of Rayalasema.
- 1849 - An Anicut Dhawaleswaram, was Constructed on river Godavari

- 1854 - Prakasam Barage was constructed on river Krishna
- 1857 - Kurnool, Kadapa Canal was built
- 1861 - Civil war in America
- 1865-66 - Ganjam Famine
- 1866 - Formation of East India Association in London
- 1885-1905 - Moderate Period / Phase
- 1905-1919 - Extremist period
- 1885 - Formation of National Congress in India (INC) at Bombay
- 1903 - Swadeshi movement
- 1905 - Vandemataram movement
- 1757 - Plassey war (Battle of plassey)
- 1764 - Battle of Buxar
- 1191 - Prithviraj Chauhan defeated Mohammad Ghori
- 1192 - Ghori defeated Prithviraj
- 1262-1289 - Rudrama Devi's ruling period
- 1190 - Establishment of Delhi Sultanate
- 1323 - End of Kakatiya Dynasty
- 1350 - Palnati Virula Katha Written by Srinadha
- 1509-1529 - Ruling period of Sri Krishna Devaraya
- 1336 - Establishment of Vijayanagaram dynasty by Harihara raya & Bukkaraya
- 1443 - Abdul Razzk visited Devaraya - II's court
- 1520 - Domingo paes visited Srikrishna Devaraya's court
- 1537 - Nuniz visited Achyutaraya's court
- 1262-1289 - Marcopolo visited Rudrasmadevi's reign Italian
- 1565 - Battle of Tallikota (or) Rakkasi Tangad
- 1526 - Establishment of Mughal Dynasty by Babur
- 1685 - Aurangazeb Conquered Bijapur
- 1687 - Aurangazeb Conquered Golkonda

- 1600 - East India company acquired a charter from the ruler of England, Queen Elizabeth granting sole right to trade with the east
- 1857 - Sepoys Revolution started in Meerut
- 2002 - Prohibition of Smoking and Health Protection Act
- 1199 - Qutub minar was constructed by Qutubuddin Aybak.
- 2002 - WALTA (Water, Land and Trees Protection Authority) (2016 NMMS)
- 4th century B.C- Arthashastra was written by Kautilya
- 1861 - Bhimili (Bheemunipatnam) Municipality was established and It celebrated 150th anniversary in 2011.
- 1975 - Sikkim was an independent country till 1975 ruled by the king chogyals
(or)
Sikkim became independent and became part of India
- 2011 - Ratio of men and women 1000 : 943
- 2011 - Literacy rate of India is 74.04%
- B.C-1000 - The word 'Hindu' used and it is derived from word 'Sindhu'.
- 1983 - India won world cup in cricket
- 1848 - First Indian cricket club established in Mumbai

KEY WORDS

- 1. Eskima : Snow shoe - letter
- 2. Mukluks : Boots
- 3. Parkas : Hooded Jackets
- 4. Igloo : Snow covered house
- 5. Kayak : Small canoe boats made of animal skins
- 6. Umiaks : Travel on water in open boats
- 7. Ice berg : Huge chunks of ice break off float into the ocean
- 8. Inuit : The people or the originates

9. Sedna : The goddess of life, Health and food
10. Shamans : People skilled in performing rituals
11. Shariat : Holy (Law)
12. Sarf-e-khas : Personal Jagir of Nizam
13. Khud khasht : Self cultivated land
14. Sulhikhul : Universal peace according to this Akbar ruled
15. Sharas : Accountant
16. Ikta : Revenue Collecting power of Delhi Sultan
17. Zabt : Revenue System of Mughals
18. Nayankara : The power of collecting taxes from the villeges in Kakatiya period
19. Amir : The power of collecting Revenue from the villages in Vijayanagara period
20. Rattadi : Village head of Kakatiya Period
21. Ur : Peasant settle ments in chola period
22. Perma frost : Upper soil surface in frozan into rock like state
23. Harpoon : Weapon to hunt seal
24. Jan sun vayi : Peoples hearings
25. Gadi : Small forts of Telangana
26. Grid : The lines which drawn on the earth surface vertically and horizontally the boxes called Grids.
27. Countour lines: Joining places of same heights
28. Ryotwari : Peasant tenure
29. Peshkash : A small part of the Nizam as peshkash and kept remaining with them
30. Tsunami : Japanese word Tsu - meaning harbour and name meaning waves Tsunani - huge waves
31. Langar : Ate together in the common Kitchen
32. Nam, Daan, Isnam : Right worship, welfare of others, purity of condcut.
33. Jataka stories: The storigs which are related to birth or Buddha
34. Tirthankara : Teachers of Jainism

- 35. Dogger Bank : The part of the North sea is called Dogger Bank Fishing is a very important industry in Europe
- 36. Polder : Small portions of land from the sea by building embankments called dykes to push back the sea. in those areas they do agriculture
- 37. Pillas : The village head man of Bhavanapadu
- 38. Dharma sala : The Sacred place then created by Guru Nanak
- 39. Patla : The village head man of Gond
- 40. Vellan vagai: Land of Non - Brahmin Proprietors
- 41. Brahmadeya : Land gifted to Brahmins
- 42. Shala bhoga : Land for the maintenance of school
- 43. Devadana : Land gifted to temples
- 44. Pallichchandam : Land donated to Jain Institutions.

